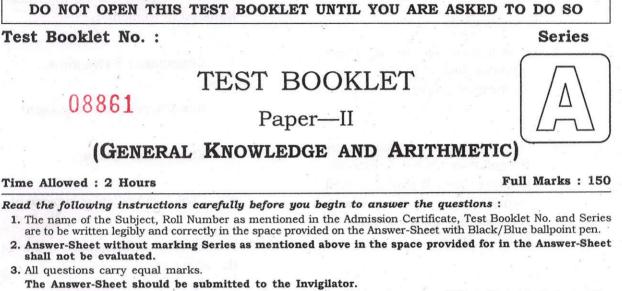
# Exam held on - 20/10/2024

## **GKAMT/ODT/24**



*Directions for giving the answers* : Directions for answering questions have already been issued to the respective candidates in the Instructions for marking in the OMR Answer-Sheet' along with the Admit Card and Specimen Copy of the OMR Answer-Sheet.

Example :

Suppose the following question is asked :

The capital of Bangladesh is

- (A) Chennai
- (B) London
- (C) Dhaka
- (D) Dhubri

You will have four alternatives in the Answer-Sheet for your response corresponding to each question of the Test Booklet as below :

## ABCD

In the above illustration, if your chosen response is alternative (C), i.e., Dhaka, then the same should be marked on the Answer-Sheet by blackening the relevant circle with a Black/Blue ballpoint pen only as below : (A) (B) (D)

#### The example shown above is the only correct method of answering.

- 4. Use of eraser, blade, chemical whitener fluid to rectify any response is prohibited.
- Please ensure that the Test Booklet has the required number of pages (24) and 100 questions immediately after opening the Booklet. In case of any discrepancy, please report the same to the Invigilator.
- 6. No candidate shall be admitted to the Examination Hall/Room 20 minutes after the commencement of the examination.
- 7. <u>No candidate shall leave the Examination Hall/Room</u> without prior permission of the Supervisor/ Invigilator. No candidate shall be permitted to hand over his/her Answer-Sheet and leave the Examination Hall/Room before expiry of the full time allotted for each paper.
- 8. No Mobile Phone, Electronic Communication Device, etc., are allowed to be carried inside the Examination Hall/Room by the candidates. Any Mobile Phone, Electronic Communication Device, etc., found in possession of the candidate inside the Examination Hall/Room, even if on off mode, shall be liable for confiscation.
- 9. No candidate shall have in his/her possession inside the Examination Hall/Room any book, notebook or loose paper, except his/her Admission Certificate and other connected papers permitted by the Commission.
- 10. Complete silence must be observed in the Examination Hall/Room. No candidate shall copy from the paper of any other candidate, or permit his/her own paper to be copied, or give, or attempt to give, or obtain, or attempt to obtain irregular assistance of any kind.

11. This Test Booklet can be carried with you after answering the questions in the prescribed Answer-Sheet.

- 12. Noncompliance with any of the above instructions will render a candidate liable to penalty as may be deemed fit.
- 13. No rough work is to be done on the OMR Answer-Sheet. You can do the rough work on the space provided in the Test Booklet.

N.B. : There will be negative marking @ 0.25 per 1 (one) mark against each wrong answer.

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[ No. of Questions : 100

**1.** With reference to 'Sengol', consider the following statements :

1278 44 1287 24

- 1. It is a royal sceptre signifying qualities linked to the correct wielding of power.
- 2. On important occasions, the Sengol was placed before the goddess Meenakshi and then transferred to the throne room representing the king's role as a divine agent.
- 3. Its origin lies in the State of Tamil Nadu and it served as a kingly emblem.
- 4. Prime Minister Narendra Modi ceremoniously installed the Sengol near the Speaker's chair in India's new Parliament building.

Which of the above statements is/are correct?

- (A) 1 only
- (B) 1 and 3 only
- (C) 2 and 4 only
- (D) All of the above

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- 2. Consider the following movements which took place during the Indian National Movement :
  - 1. Champaran Satyagraha
  - 2. Non-Cooperation Movement
  - 3. Kheda Satyagraha
  - 4. Civil Disobedience Movement

The correct chronological order of the above is

- (A) 1-3-2-4
- (B) 1-2-3-4
- (C) 3-1-2-4
- (D) 1-2-4-3
- **3.** In the context of Ancient Indian history, the word 'Muziris' is associated with which one of the following?
  - (A) Harappan Coin
  - (B) Andretta Pottery
  - (C) Buddhist Painting
  - (D) Port City

**4.** He was lauded for propagating modern education among Muslims in India and for advocating several reforms for the community. He founded the Anglo-Oriental College in Aligarh in 1875.

The above mentioned lines refer to

- (A) Ali Asghar Gharavi
- (B) Sir Syed Ahmad Khan
- (C) Abdul Ghaffar Khan
- (D) Sayed Tanveer Hashmi
- 5. With reference to Swami Dayananda Saraswati, consider the following statements :
  - He established the Arya Samaj in 1875.
  - 2. He wrote Satyarth Prakash which emphasized Vedic Principles.
  - 3. He accepted the idea of idolatry.
  - 4. He did not believe in the *Vedas*.

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Which of the above statements is/are correct?

- (A) 1 only
- (B) 1 and 2 only
- (C) 1, 2 and 3
- (D) 2, 3 and 4
- **6.** With reference to Theosophical Society', consider the following statements :
  - 1. It was founded by Madame Blavatsky and H. S. Olcott in the United States of America.
  - 2. The society advocated the revival and strengthening ancient religions such as Hinduism, Zorastrianism and Buddhism.
  - 3. The permanent international headquarters of the society is in Mumbai, India.
  - 4. Annie Besant was a prominent member of the society.

Which of the above statements are correct?

- (A) 1 and 4 only
- (B) 2 and 3 only
- (C) 2, 3 and 4
- (D) 1, 2 and 4

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- 7. With reference to Khajuraho Group of monuments, consider the following statements :
  - 1. The temples were built during the Chandella dynasty.
  - 2. The temples are associated with Hinduism and Jainism.
  - 3. The temples are built in Dravidian style of architecture.
  - 4. The temples are found in the State of Uttar Pradesh.

Which of the above statements are correct?

- (A) 1 and 2
- (B) 2, 3 and 4
- (C) 3 and 4 only
- (D) 1, 3 and 4
- 8. Consider the following statements regarding the Indian National Congress :
  - 1. The first session of the Indian National Congress was held at Calcutta in 1883.
  - 2. The first session was presided over by W. C. Bonnerjee.

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- 3. The formation of the Indian National Congress was the culmination of an idea of establishing an All India Organization of political workers.
- A. O. Hume played a prominent role in the formation of the Indian National Congress.

Which of the above statements are correct?

- (A) 1 and 4
- (B) 2 and 3 only
- (C) 1 and 3
- (D) 2, 3 and 4
- 9. In medieval India, the term 'Fanam' was referred to as
  - (A) clothing
  - (B) ornament
  - (C) weapon
  - (D) coin

## 10. A social reformer

- 1. who advocated intercaste marriage and widow remarriage
- 2. who advocated the eradication of child marriage
- 3. who started the 'Balhatya Pratibandhak Griha'
- 4. who established the first school for girls in 1848
- The above statements refer to
- (A) Kadambini Ganguly
- (B) Usha Mehta
- (C) Ramabai Ranade
- (D) Savitribai Phule
- The Non-Cooperation Movement of 1920 was called off and withdrawn mainly because of the
  - (A) friction between moderate and extremists
  - (B) withdrawal of support by Muslim League
  - (C) Chauri Chaura incident
  - (D) Jallianwala Bagh incident
- **12.** King Harshavardhana had friendly relation with which among the following kings of Kamarupa?
  - (A) Shashanka
  - (B) Pushyavarman
  - (C) Kumar Bhaskaravarman
  - (D) Dharmapala

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- **13.** Who was the President of 'Swaraj Party' in Assam during the Indian National Movement?
  - (A) Bishnuram Medhi
  - (B) Tarun Ram Phukan
  - (C) Mahendra Mohan Choudhury
  - (D) Gopinath Bordoloi
- 14. Match the inscriptions given in List-I with the materials used for preparation of these inscriptions in List-II and select the correct match from the codes given below :

|                 |    |                | List–  | Ι                 |                 | List-   | П   |
|-----------------|----|----------------|--------|-------------------|-----------------|---------|-----|
|                 | a. | Nidhar         | pur    | inscr             | iptions         | 1. Ston | e   |
| 1040 S          | b. | Kanai<br>tions | Bar    | asi               | inscrip-        | 2. Copp | er  |
|                 | c. | Deopar         | ni Vi  | shnu              | image           | 3. Rock |     |
| 35 <sup>°</sup> |    | Cod            | les :  | , <sup>e</sup> ch | 2005 - C<br>N C |         |     |
|                 |    | (A)            | a<br>2 | b<br>3            | с<br>1          |         | 5.1 |
|                 |    |                | 1      |                   |                 |         |     |
|                 |    | (B)            | a<br>2 | b<br>1            | с<br>3          |         |     |
|                 |    | (C)            | a<br>3 | Ъ<br>1            | с<br>2          |         |     |
|                 |    |                | 3      | 1                 | 4               |         |     |
|                 | 2  | (D)            | a      | b                 | с               |         |     |
|                 |    |                | 1      | 2                 | 3               |         |     |

- 15. Consider the following statements about tea in Assam :
  - 1. The Singphos were already familiar with tea before it became widely known.
  - 2. Bruce brothers are considered to be the pioneers of Assam Tea.
  - 3. The Halmari Tea Estate is considered to be one of the oldest tea gardens of Assam.
  - 4. Chandra Kumar Agarwala was the first Assamese to own a tea garden.

Which of the above statements are true?

- (A) 1 and 4
- (B) 2 and 3 only
- (C) 1, 2 and 3
- (D) 2, 3 and 4
- 16. Which one of the following sites in Assam has Hindu, Buddhist and Jain relics together?
  - (A) Surya Pahar
  - (B) Malegarh
  - (C) Daojali Hading
  - (D) Kakoijana Park

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17. List-I gives the names of festivals of Assam and List-II gives the names of places in which these festivals are celebrated. Match List-I with List-II and give the correct answer from the codes given below :

| List–I<br>(Festivals)  | List–II<br>(Places)          |
|------------------------|------------------------------|
| Jonbeel Mela           | 1. Dima Hasao                |
| Baresahariya<br>Bhaona | 2. Umrangso                  |
| Falcon                 | 3. Jamugurihat               |
| Busu Dima              | 4. Morigaon                  |
|                        | Jonbeel Mela<br>Baresahariya |

| Co | dos |  |
|----|-----|--|

|      | (A) | а | b | с | d |  |
|------|-----|---|---|---|---|--|
|      |     |   | 3 |   |   |  |
|      |     |   |   |   |   |  |
|      |     |   |   |   |   |  |
| 1    | (B) | а | b | с | d |  |
|      |     | 3 | 2 | 4 | 1 |  |
|      |     |   |   |   |   |  |
| - 15 |     |   |   |   |   |  |
|      | (C) | а | b | с | d |  |
|      |     | 1 | 2 |   | 3 |  |
|      |     |   |   | - |   |  |
|      |     |   |   |   |   |  |
|      | (D) | a | b | с | d |  |
|      |     | 4 | 1 | 2 | 3 |  |
|      |     |   |   |   |   |  |

18, List-I gives the names of famous Satras in Assam and List-II gives the names of districts of Assam in which they are located. Match List-I with List-II and give the correct answer from the codes given below :

|    | Tind T             |    | T : 4 TT               |
|----|--------------------|----|------------------------|
|    | List–I<br>(Satras) |    | List–II<br>(Districts) |
| a. | Patbaushi Satra    | 1. | Majuli                 |
| b. | Garmur Satra       | 2. | Barpeta                |
| c. | Satrasal Satra     | 3. | Bongaigaon             |
| d. | Bishnupur Satra    | 4. | Dhubri                 |
|    |                    |    |                        |
|    | 201010             |    |                        |

Codes :

| (A) | a | b | с | d |
|-----|---|---|---|---|
|     | 2 | 1 | 3 | 4 |
| (B) | a | b | с | d |
|     | 2 | 1 | 4 | 3 |
| (C) | a | b | с | d |
|     | 1 | 2 | 4 | 3 |
| (D) | a | b | с | d |
|     | 3 | 1 | 2 | 4 |
|     |   |   |   |   |

- 19. The 'Bhortal Nritya', which is an integral part of the Sankari culture, was developed by which one of the following persons?
  - (A) Maniram Dutta Muktiyar Barbayan
  - (B) Narahari Burha Bhakat
  - (C) Rasheswar Saikia Barbayan
  - (D) Ratna Talukdar

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- 20. Padmashree Birubala Rabha has earned recognition because of her
  - (A) tireless crusade against witch-hunting in Assam
  - (B) work relating to prevention of domestic violence on women
  - (C) work relating to prevention of drug abuse
  - (D) tireless crusade against child marriage
- **21.** The person who was the Chief Supervisor of Engineering and Public Work during the reign of Ahom Kings was known as
  - (A) Borphukan
  - (B) Hatibaruah
  - (C) Bailung
  - (D) Changrung Phukan
- 22. 'Pattachitra' paintings which are paintings on cloth belongs to which one of the following States of India?
  - (A) Chhattisgarh
  - (B) Jharkhand
  - (C) Odisha

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(D) Maharashtra

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- 23. The historic Gohain Kamal Ali connects
  - (A) Kaliabor and Rangpur
  - (B) Mangaldoi and North Guwahati
  - (C) Cooch Behar and Narayanpur
  - (D) Kamargaon and Namrup
- 24. The Stilwell Road was constructed during the World War II as an overland connection between India and
  - (A) Nepal
  - (B) Bhutan
  - (C) China
  - (D) Myanmar
- 25. A dairy-based confectionary item which is traditionally served as Prasad in temple, known as 'Matabari Pera' was recently conferred the Geographical Indicator (GI) tag. The State to which Matabari Pera belongs is
  - (A) Maharashtra
  - (B) Manipur
  - (C) Tripura
  - (D) Goa

26. The Shompen tribe resides in

- (A) Jharkhand
- (B) Karnataka
- (C) Lakshadweep
- (D) Andaman and Nicobar Islands
- 27. Tholu Bommalata is
  - (A) wall painting
  - (B) shadow puppet theatre
  - (C) classical dance
  - (D) folk art
- 28. A Sikh guru, who was the son of Guru Hargobind, visited Assam on a pilgrimage. The Gurudwara at Dhubri is named after him. The Sikh guru was
  - (A) Guru Angad
  - (B) Guru Amar Das
  - (C) Guru Ram Das
  - (D) Guru Tegh Bahadur

- **29.** Consider the following statements regarding the historic city of Fatehpur Sikri :
  - 1. It was built by the Mughal emperor Akbar.
  - 2. The tomb of Salim Chishti is located in this city.
  - 3. The dominant architectural style at Sikri is trabeated.
  - 4. The city is located in the State of Gujarat.

Which of the above statements are correct?

- (A) 1 and 2 only
- (B) 2 and 3 only
- (C) 1, 2 and 3
- (D) 2, 3 and 4
- **30.** The political history of Assam began with the
  - (A) Palas
  - (B) Varmans
  - (C) Narakas
  - (D) Salastambhas

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- **31.** Consider the following statements regarding the animal species identified as *Xenophrys apatani* :
  - 1. The species is a rare variety of monkey.
  - 2. It is a horned frog.
  - 3. It is found in Dehing Patkai National Park.
  - 4. It is found in Talle Valley Wildlife Sanctuary.

Which of the above statements are correct?

- (A) 1 and 3
- (B) 2 and 3
- (C) 2 and 4
- (D) 1 and 4
- **32.** Consider the following statements regarding Zorawar :
  - 1. Zorawar is an Indian light tank design.
  - 2. Zorawar is India's latest main battle tank.
  - 3. Zorawar tank is well suited for high altitude warfare.
  - 4. It is built with technical cooperation with Israel.

Which of the above statements are correct?

- (A) 1, 2, 4
- (B) 1 and 3
- (C) 3 and 4
- (D) 2 and 3

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- **33.** Consider the following statements regarding 'net zero' :
  - 1. The term 'net zero' refers to a condition where the emission of greenhouse gases is balanced by their removal on a permanent basis.
  - 2. The term 'net zero' refers to a condition when the value of a country's exports is equal to the value of its imports for at least one financial year.
  - 3. India aims to achieve 'net zero' by the year 2070.
  - 4. India aims to achieve 'net zero' by the year 2050.
  - Which of the above statements is/are correct?
  - (A) 1 only

(B) 1 and 3

(C) 2 and 4

(D) 2 and 3

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- **34.** Consider the following statements about the footballer Lamine Yamal :
  - 1. He is a Portuguese footballer.
  - 2. He is a Spanish footballer.
  - He was the youngest footballer to score a goal in the recently concluded UEFA Euro Cup, 2024.
  - 4. Being a minor, he was disqualified to play the final of the Euro Cup, 2024.

Which of the above statements are correct?

- (A) 1 and 3
- (B) 2 and 3 only
- (C) 1 and 4
- (D) 2, 3 and 4
- 35. Bacteriophage is a type of
  - (A) bacteria
  - (B) fungus
  - (C) virus
  - (D) protozoa

**36.** Consider the following statements regarding the portal 'eSankhyiki' :

- 1. A portal recently launched by the Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation, Government of India.
- 2. It is a biweekly digital news bulletin of the Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation, Government of India.
- 3. It is an in-house journal of the same ministry.
- 4. It is used for sharing official data and information with State governments regarding groundwater resources.

Which of the above statements is/are correct?

- (A) 1 only
- (B) 2
- (C) 3 and 4
- (D) 1 and 4
- 37. 'Blue screen of death' is
  - (A) a computer virus
  - (B) a warning signal that indicates that a computer has faced critical issues and needs to shut down
  - (C) a tsunami warning
  - (D) a virus that attacks blue whales

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- **38.** Consider the following statements regarding Zika virus :
  - 1. Zika virus is primarily a mosquito-borne virus.
  - 2. Zika virus is spread by Aedes mosquito.
  - 3. Zika virus was first identified in Brazil in rhesus monkeys.
  - 4. Zika virus infection causes a birth defect called micro-cephaly.

Which of the above statements are correct?

- (A) 1 and 2 only
- (B) 1, 2 and 4 only
- (C) 1, 3 and 4 only
- (D) All statements are correct
- 39. Greater adjutant is a
  - (A) stork (B) spider
  - (C) reptile (D) snail
- 40. 'SEBEX 2' is the name of
  - (A) latest submarine acquired by the Indian Navy
  - (B) latest air-to-surface missile commissioned by the Indian Air Force
  - (C) a Howitzer developed by DRDO and commissioned by the Indian Army
  - (D) an explosive device based on high melting explosive technology developed by the Economic Explosive Limited, India

- **41.** The hurricane that strucks the parts of Caribbean, the Yucatan Peninsula and the Gulf Coast of the United States in early July, 2024 was
  - (A) Hurricane Beryl
  - (B) Hurricane Chris
  - (C) Hurricane Debby
  - (D) Hurricane Ernesto
- **42.** The development of the Maa Kamakhya Access Corridor at Guwahati is an infrastructure project under
  - (A) Central sector scheme
  - (B) State sector scheme
  - (C) UNESCO heritage project scheme
  - (D) PM-DevINE scheme
- **43.** The mascot of the recently concluded Summer Olympics, 2024 held at Paris was
  - (A) Bing Dwen
  - (B) Mishka
  - (C) Phryge
  - (D) Láceb

- **44.** The countries which occupied the first three positions in terms of medal obtained in the Paris Olympics, 2024 are
  - (A) United States, China, Australia
  - (B) China, Japan, United States
  - (C) United States, China, Japan
  - (D) Australia, Great Britain, China
- **45.** Which one of the following is **not** a UNESCO World Heritage Site?
  - (A) Maratha Military Landscapes
  - (B) Charaideo Maidam
  - (C) Dholavira, Harappan city in Rann of Kutch
  - (D) Elephanta caves
- **46.** The average of the first 199 natural numbers is
  - (A) 79

(B) 80

- (C) 99
- (D) 100
- 12

- **47.** The cost of an article was ₹ 100. The cost was first increased by 40% and subsequently, the cost was reduced by 40%. The current cost of the article is
  - (A) ₹100
  - (B) ₹96
  - (C) : ₹ 84
  - (D) ₹74
- 48. A certain amount increases by 50% in 5 years at simple interest. What would have been the compound interest earned in 2 years for an amount of ₹ 10,000 at the same rate, if the interest is compounded annually?
  - (A) ₹1750
  - (B) ₹2100
  - (C) ₹2250
  - (D) ₹ 3000

**49.** The square root of  $(37^2 - 12^2)$  is

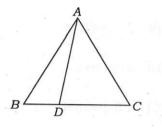
- (A) 35
- (B) 30
- (C) 25
- (D) 20

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- 50. The angle of elevation of a ladder leaning against a wall is 60° and the foot of the ladder is 2.5 metres from the wall. The length of the ladder is
  - (A) 2.5 metres
  - (B) 3 metres
  - (C) 4.5 metres
  - (D) 5 metres
- **51.** A and B together can complete a job in 10 days. B alone completes the same job in 15 days. In how many days A alone would complete the job?
  - (A) 15 days
  - (B) 20 days
  - (C) 25 days
  - (D) 30 days
- **52.** A train travelling at a speed of 72 kmph crosses a mark on a post in 10 sec. The length of the train is
  - (A) 150 metres
  - (B) 200 metres
  - (C) 225 metres
  - (D) 250 metres

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**53.** In the diagram given below,  $BD = \frac{1}{3}BC$ . The ratio of the  $\triangle ABC$ and  $\triangle ABD$  is



- (A) 2:1
- (B) 2·5:1
- (C) 3:1
- (D) 3.5:1
- 54. In a school having 490 students in its roll, the ratio of male students to female students is 4 : 3. If 20 more male students and 40 more female students are admitted to the school, the new ratio of male students to female students will become
  - (A) 6:5
  - (B) 7:6
  - (C) 8:5
  - (D) 8:7

- **55.** 10 years ago, A was 3 times older than B. Currently, A is twice as old as B. The present age of A is
  - (A) 30 years
  - (B) 36 years
  - (C) 40 years
  - (D) 46 years
- **56.** What is the value of 0.005 multiplied by 0.00001?
  - (A) 0.00005
  - (B) 0.000005
  - (C) 0.0000005
  - (D) 0.00000005
- **57.** Two supply pipes X and Y can individually fill up a tank with water in 1 hour and in 30 minutes, respectively. If both pipes are used simultaneously, the tank will get filled up in
  - (A) 10 minutes
  - (B) 20 minutes
  - (C) 25 minutes
  - (D) 30 minutes
- 14

**58.** Each side of a square is increased by 10%. The percentage increase in the area of the square is

- (A) 10%
- (B) 11%
- (C) 21%
- (D) 40%
- **59.** A motor boat can travel with a speed of 20 kmph in still water. If the speed of the river current is 5 kmph, find the time the boat will take to cover a distance of 45 km upstream in the river.
  - (A) 1 hour
  - (B) 2 hours
  - (C) 3 hours
  - (D) 3.5 hours
- 60. 80 cubic centimetre (cc) of copper is drawn into a wire of radius 0.5 mm. The length of the wire (in metre)
  - (A) 112

will be

- (B) 116
- (C) 120
- (D) 124

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- **61.** The term 'health tourism' is associated with
  - (A) the treatment of travel related diseases
  - (B) quarantines imposed by health authorities
  - (C) travelling across international borders to seek medical care services
  - (D) the travel by medical and nursing personnel for hands-on experience in foreign countries
- **62.** What is the single most important determinant of the holiday (vacation) propensity in a country?
  - (A) Car ownership
  - (B) Second home ownership
  - (C) Standard of living
  - (D) Urbanization
- **63.** An increase in the value of a country's currency against all other currencies is generally likely to
  - (A) decrease in the country's residents to travel abroad
  - (B) have no effect on the country's residents to travel abroad
  - (C) decrease in the arrival of tourists from other countries
  - (D) have no effect on tourist arrival

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- **64.** Which one of the following statements is true with respect to Maslow's need theory?
  - (A) It was developed to explain tourist behaviour.
  - (B) It applies to leisure but not to work behaviour.
  - (C) It states that humans are motivated to fulfill their needs in a hierarchical order.
  - (D) It suggests that one has to satisfy fully the needs at one level before moving on to the next.
- **65.** The main significance of Thomas Cook's life work lies in
  - (A) establishing a retail travel agency business
  - (B) publishing guide book for travellers
  - (C) introducing the concept of hotel vouchers
  - (D) introducing the concept of inclusive tourism

- **66.** Which one of the following global destinations receives highest international arrival and receipts?
  - (A) Africa
  - (B) South America
  - (C) East Asian and Pacific region
  - (D) Europe
- 67. The term 'ethnic tourism' refers to
  - (A) travel by a particular racial group
  - (B) visit to important places of ancient civilization
  - (C) visit to UNESCO World Heritage Sites
  - (D) visit where tourists seek cultural experiences by coming into close contact with a particular community
- 68. The term 'rural tourism'
  - (A) is synonymous with agricultural tourism
  - (B) describes travel by residents of rural areas
  - (C) refers to travel to a countryside destination
  - (D) means travel between rural destinations

**69.** Which one of the following ratios is the main single indicator of relative importance of tourism in an economy?

- (A) Foreign exchange earnings to total exports
- (B) Foreign exchange earnings to export of services
- (C) Tourism spending to GDP or GNP
- (D) Tourism spending to total consumer spending
- **70.** The process and the results of interaction between different cultures are described in sociological terms as
  - (A) acclimatization
  - (B) acculturation
  - (C) familiarization
  - (D) naturalization
- **71.** The belief that the attitudes and behaviour of one's own ethnic group are superior to those of others is known in sociological terms as
  - (A) anthropomorphism
  - (B) cultural relativism
  - (C) ethnicism
  - (D) ethnocentricism

- **72.** The contempt, dislike or fear of strangers or foreigners as also a dislike or fear of foreign places, is called
  - (A) agoraphobia
  - (B) alienation
  - (C) claustrophobia
  - (D) xenophobia
- **73.** Which one of the following activities usually accounts for the largest proportion in tourism industry employment?
  - (A) Hotels and catering
  - (B) Passenger transportation
  - (C) Tour operation
  - (D) Travel agencies
- 74. In the context of tourism, the term 'carrying capacity' indicates
  - (A) the maximum number of people that may visit a tourist destination at the same time without causing destruction of physical and cultural environment
  - (B) passenger carrying capacity of designated vehicles to and from tourist sites without creating inconveniences
  - (C) the capacity in terms of servicing of tourists of a travel agency over a specific period of time
  - (D) the maximum capacity or number of tourists that can be accommodated by ship on visit to island

- **75.** What is the most common reason for governments to levy taxes on tourism?
  - (A) Allocating social cost of tourism to users
  - (B) Making tourism more acceptable to residents
  - (C) Raising revenue
  - (D) To improve the financial condition of tourism industry
- **76.** Which of the following are **not** to be regarded as tourists according to the recommendations of UNWTO?
  - (A) Diplomats travelling between their country of origin and duty station
  - (B) Guests attending weddings and funerals
  - (C) Pilgrims
  - (D) Those visiting friends and relatives
- **77.** Parasailing is a popular form of enjoyment in adventure tourism. It is
  - (A) flying in the air
  - (B) flying above the sea
  - (C) flying in the air above the sea with the help of motor boat
  - (D) gliding in the air above the sea with the help of a seaplane

- **78.** Which one of the following organizations is operating youth hostels around the world?
  - (A) CARE
  - (B) YMCA
  - (C) UNHCR
  - (D) UNESCO
- 79. What is a 'motel'?
  - (A) It is a small hotel with a capacity of not more than 10 families
  - (B) It is a hotel on the highway where motorists can check in
  - (C) It is a large hotel with 5 star facilities
  - (D) It is a decommissioned ship converted to a hotel
- **80.** 'Tourism income multiplier' is a concept related to tourism management. This activity is expected to
  - (A) increase employment
  - (B) reduce carbon footprints
  - (C) increase the satisfaction of tourists
  - (D) increase revenue by increasing the number of tourists

- 81. With reference to the Annual Report of Tourism published by the Government of India, Ministry of Tourism, 'TSA' stands for
  - (A) Tourism Sustainability Account
  - (B) Tourist Sustainability Account
  - (C) Tourism Satellite Account
  - (D) Tourist Safety Accessment
- **82.** Who among the following said that "Assamese women weave fairy tales in their clothes"?
  - (A) Rabindranath Tagore
  - (B) Acharya Vinoba Bhave
  - (C) Mahatma Gandhi
  - (D) Jawaharlal Nehru
- **83.** The Ministry of Tourism, the Government of India had launched the PRASHAD Scheme in 2014–15. It stands for
  - (A) Pilgrimage, Rural and Spiritual Heritage Augmentation Derive
  - (B) Pilgrimage, Rural and Special Heritage Augmentation Drive
  - (C) Pilgrimage Rejuvenation and Spiritual, Heritage Augmentation Derive
  - (D) Pilgrimage Rejuvenation and Spiritual, Heritage Augmentation Drive

**84.** The Ministry of Tourism, the Government of India had launched 'Swadesh Darshan' scheme initially during the year

(A) 2010-11

(B) 2011-12

- (C) 2012-13
- (D) 2014–15
- **85.** Which one of the following States of North-East India organizes the Chabimura Festival?
  - (A) Arunachal Pradesh
  - (B) Manipur
  - (C) Tripura
  - (D) Mizoram
- **86.** The tourism tagline for the development of tourism in Assam is
  - (A) Incredible Assam
  - (B) Awesome Assam
    - (C) Evergreen Assam
    - (D) Splendid Assam

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- 87. The flagship of the Government of Assam for the promotion of sustainable tourism and provide employment opportunities through Homestay Scheme is known as
  - (A) Amar Alohi
  - (B) Adarani
  - (C) Vishranta
  - (D) Atithi Devo Bhava
- **88.** Which National Park in Assam is one of the last strongholds for the wild water buffalo?
  - (A) Dibru Saikhowa National Park
  - (B) Manas National Park
  - (C) Orang National Park
  - (D) Kaziranga National Park
- **89.** The largest wetland in the State of Assam is
  - (A) Deepor Beel
  - (B) Chandubi Beel
  - (C) Son Beel
  - (D) Kumri Beel

**90.** A wild silkworm called oak tasar is found in which district of Assam?

- (A) Karimganj
- (B) Kokrajhar
- (C) Sonitpur
- (D) Dima Hasao
- **91.** Which one of the following folk dances of Sikkim is performed in the honour of Mount Khangchendzonga?
  - (A) Kinchum-Chu-Bomsa
  - (B) Zo-Mal-Lok
  - (C) Tendong Lho Rumfaat
  - (D) Chu-Faat
- **92.** 'Lai Haraoba' is the traditional dance festival of
  - (A) Manipur
  - (B) Assam
  - (C) Mizoram
  - (D) Nagaland

**93.** Which one of the following Buddhist temples/pilgrimage places is **not** correctly matched?

- (A) Dhankar Monastery— Himachal Pradesh
- (B) Rumtek Monastery-Sikkim
- (C) Tashi Kyil Monastery— Uttarakhand
- (D) Kye Monastery— Arunachal Pradesh
- **94.** As per the Koppen's classification of Indian climatic zones, Sikkim and Arunachal Pradesh are the parts of which one of the following climatic regions?
  - (A) Tropical monsoon type
  - (B) Semi-arid steppe
  - (C) Cold humid type
  - (D) Tundra type

**95.** In the Naga culture, what is the significance of 'Morung'?

- (A) Harvest festival
- (B) Traditional dance form
- (C) Village council
- (D) Youth dormitory

- **96.** Which one of the following is fondly known as 'God's Own Country'?
  - (A) Kashmir
  - (B) Kerala
  - (C) Rajasthan
  - (D) Himachal Pradesh
- **97.** The Government of Assam has launched the scheme 'Promotion and Development of Tea Tourism in Assam'. Which one of the following is **not** included in the scheme?
  - (A) It aims to offer accommodation facilities to tourists in the iconic bungalows of the tea gardens by renovating these bungalows with modern facilities
  - (B) The scheme offers trekking facilities in the tea gardens, undertake tea testing session, a visit to tea manufacturing factories and also tea plucking opportunities
  - (C) The government will offer financial assistance to participating tea gardens to the extent of 50% of the cost of renovation of the iconic bungalows
  - (D) The government will establish mini tea auction centres at these tea gardens in order to boost the sale of Assam tea

- **98.** The Yuva Tourism Club' was launched by the Ministry of Tourism, the Government of India, in the year 2024. Which of the following is/are included in the scheme?
  - 1. It aims to create interests, awareness and a sense of responsibility towards the country's natural and cultural heritage and tourism among youth.
  - 2. It aims to encourage academic institutions to reintroduce the concept of academic excursions for selected students to visit heritage sites of other States.
  - 3. Direct academic institutions to introduce a compulsory course on tourism development in the curriculum.
  - 4. Creating a youth forum to assist tourist operators in ensuring a safe and congenial atmosphere for tourists.

Select the correct answer using the code given below.

Codes :

- (A) 1 and 4
- (B) 2 and 3
- (C) 1 only
- (D) 1, 2 and 3

- **99.** MV Ganga Vilas Cruise is an initiative to boost river tourism. The itinerary of this river cruise starts from
  - (A) Prayagraj to Guwahati
  - (B) Rishikesh to Varanasi
  - (C) Varanasi to Dibrugarh
  - (D) Haridwar to Saikhowaghat
- 100. According to the World Tourism Organization (WTO), sustainable tourism should
  - (A) make optimal use of environmental resources maintaining essential ecological processes and help to conserve natural heritage and biodiversity
  - (B) respect the sociocultural authenticity of host community, conserve their living culture, heritage and traditional values
  - (C) contribute to intercultural understanding and tolerance among tourists and the host community
  - (D) include participation of tourists with the host community in all economic and development activities of the local people

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